Measuring the impact of DM on BNS with Einstein Telescope

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Based on work together with Edoardo Giangrandi, Nina Kunert, Rahul Somasundaram, Violetta Sagun, Tim Dietrich and on work with Henrik Rose, Peter Pang, Rahul Somasundaram, Ingo Tews and others

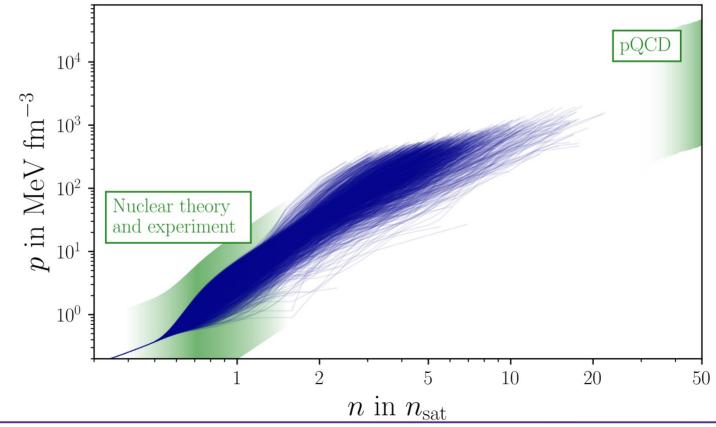


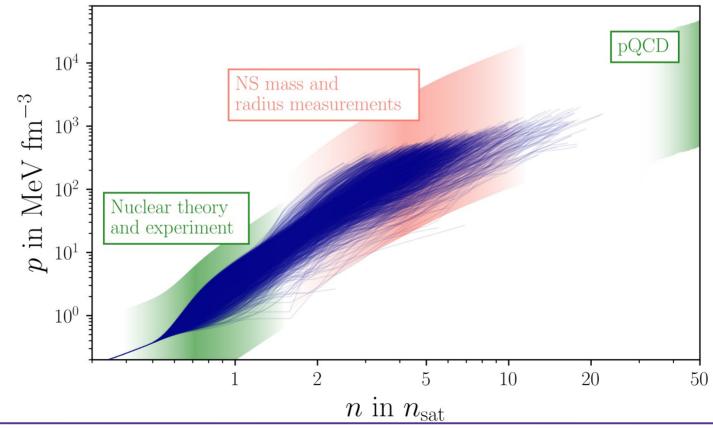
Overview

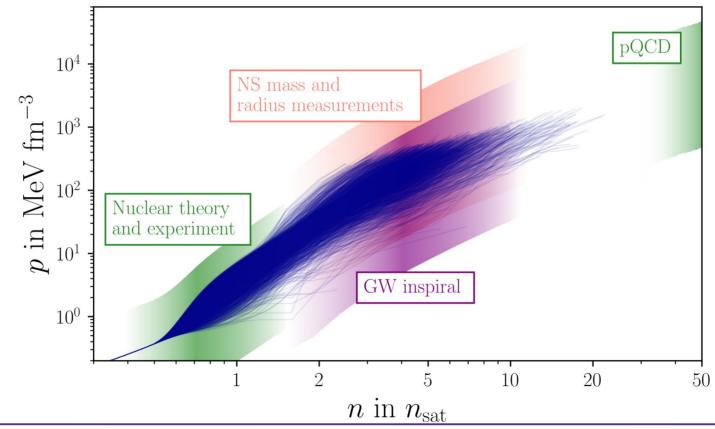
I. Current constraints on the EOS [arXiv 2402.04172]

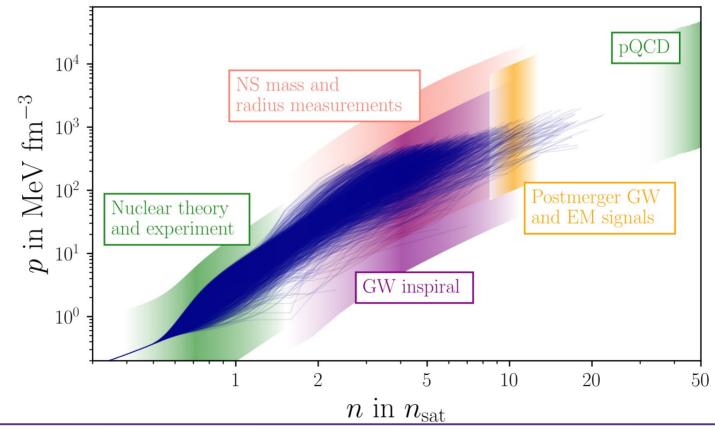
II. EOS constraints with next-generation GW telescopes and DM [arXiv 2408.14711]

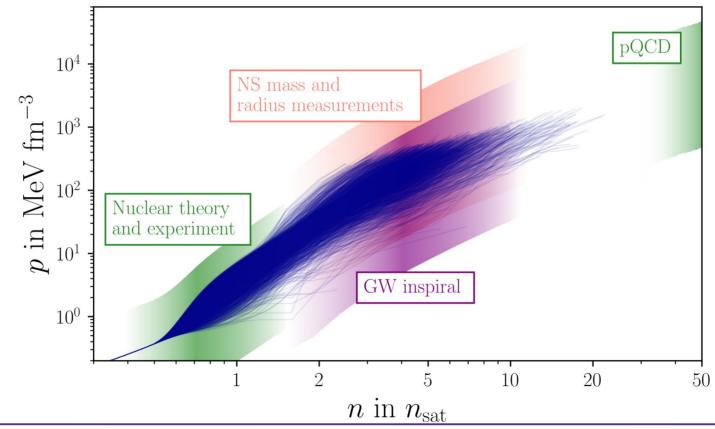
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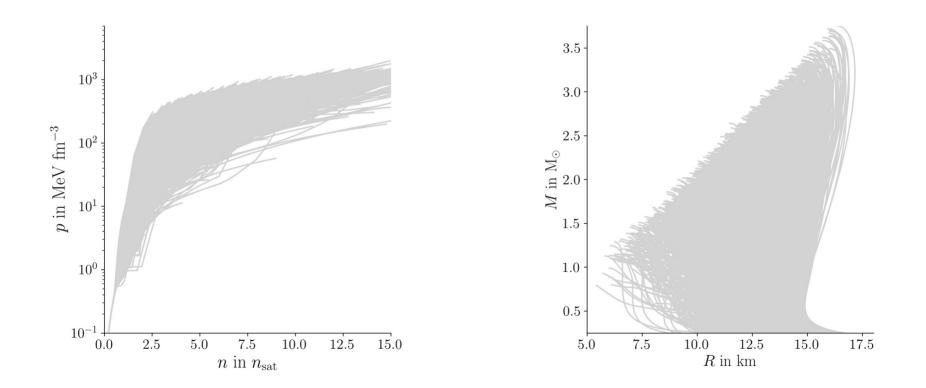


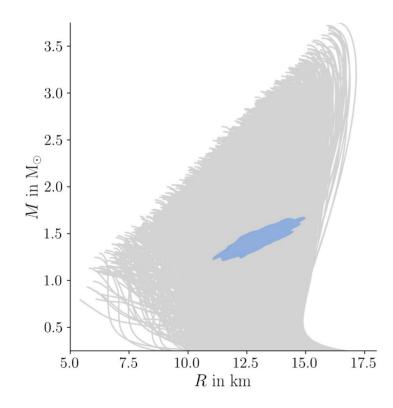


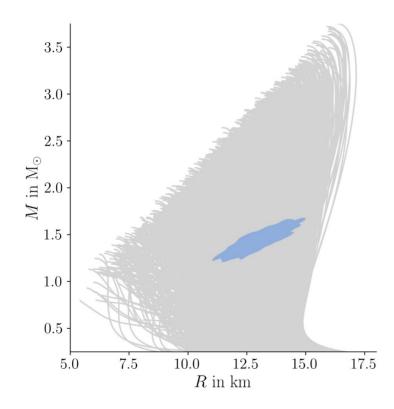




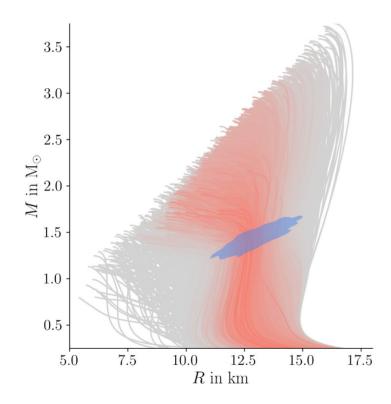








 $\mathcal{L}(\mathrm{EOS}|d) = \dots$

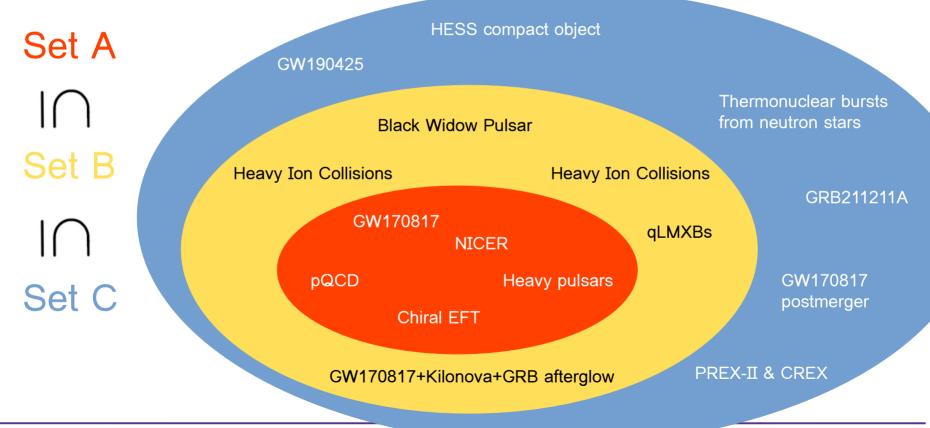


 $\mathcal{L}(\mathrm{EOS}|d) = \dots$

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Which constraints to use?

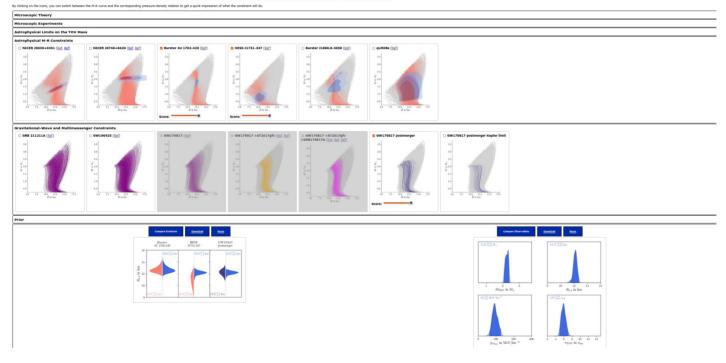


Hauke Koehn, Theoretical Astrophysics Potsdam

Custom combinations now available

An overview of existing and new nuclear and astrophysical constraints on the equation of state of neutron-rich dense matter

This tooi can be used to combine various, constraints on the equation of state (COG) for dense matter, select the constraint synappeoral becombined posterior. The bottom below will here grave you the combined posterior from the constraint synappeoral becombined posterior. The bottom below will be appropriate to constraint synappeoral becombined posterior and the synappeoral becombined posterior. The bottom below will be appropriate to constraint synappeoral becombined posterior. The bottom becombined posterior of non-trained synappeoral becombined posterior and the synappeoral becombined posterior. The bottom becombined posterior of non-trained synappeoral becombined posterior. The bottom becombined posterior of non-trained synappeoral becombined posterior and the synappeoral becombined posterior of non-trained synappeoral becombined posterior. The bottom becombined posterior of non-trained synappeoral becombined posterior of no



https://enlil.gw.physik.uni-potsdam.de/eos_constraints/

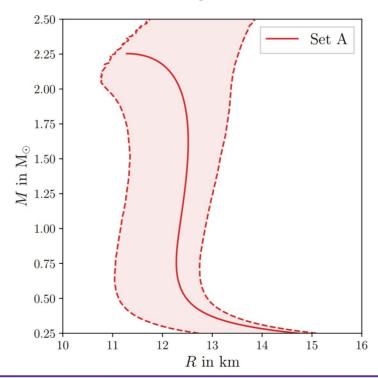
Custom combinations now available



https://multi-messenger.physik.uni-potsdam.de/eos_constraints/

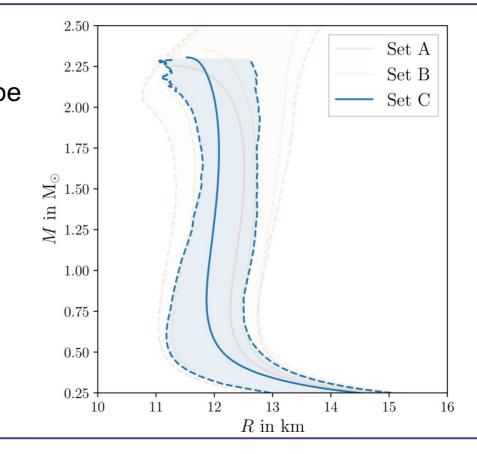
Results

Common constraints, relatively reliable



Results

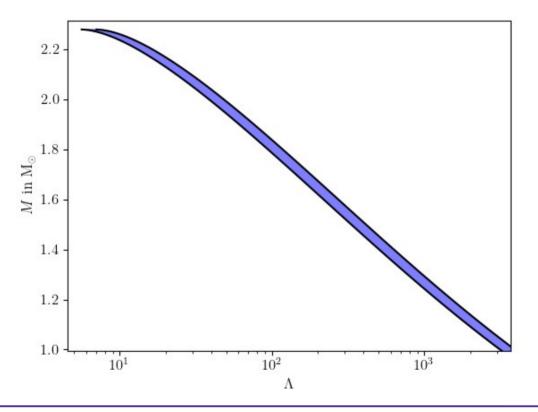
- More model-dependent
- Systematic biases might be dominant in some cases



II. EOS constraints with nextgeneration GW telescopes and DM

Next-generation GW telescopes

Next-generation GW telescopes

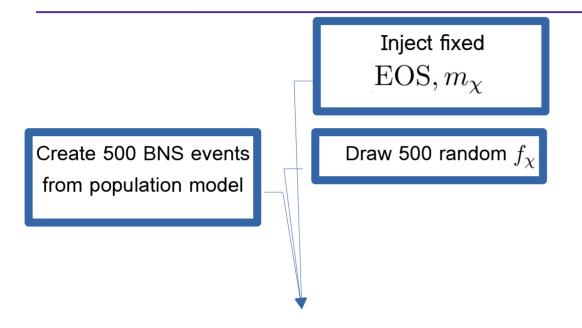


Next-generation GW telescopes

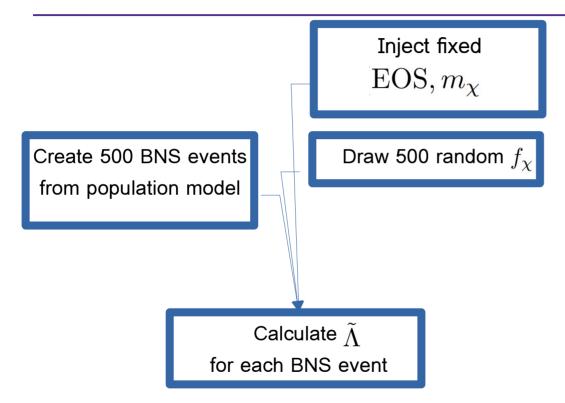
i. How does DM bias the inference of the EOS from nextgeneration telescope data?

ii. Can we distinguish between populations of NSs with and without DM using tidal deformability measurements from the Einstein Telescope and Cosmic Explorer?

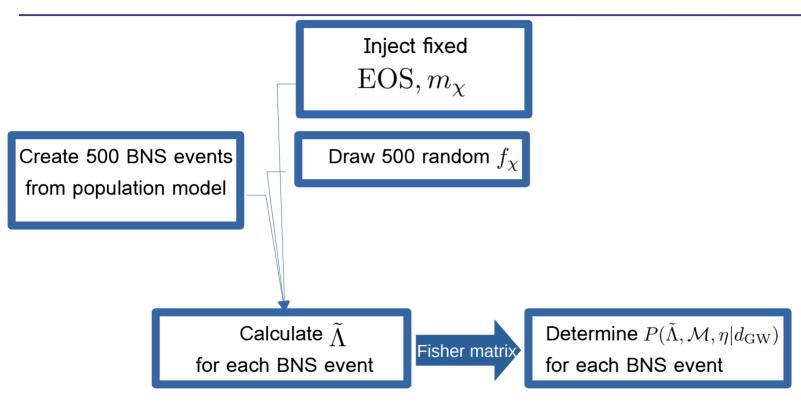
Create mock ET data



Create mock ET data



Create mock ET data



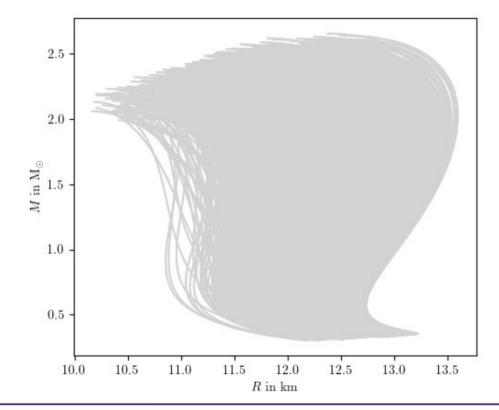
Create mock ET data Select fixed Create : "Easy way to create 500 mock posteriors for BNS events with from pc DM with ET accuracy."

for each BNS event

for each BNS event

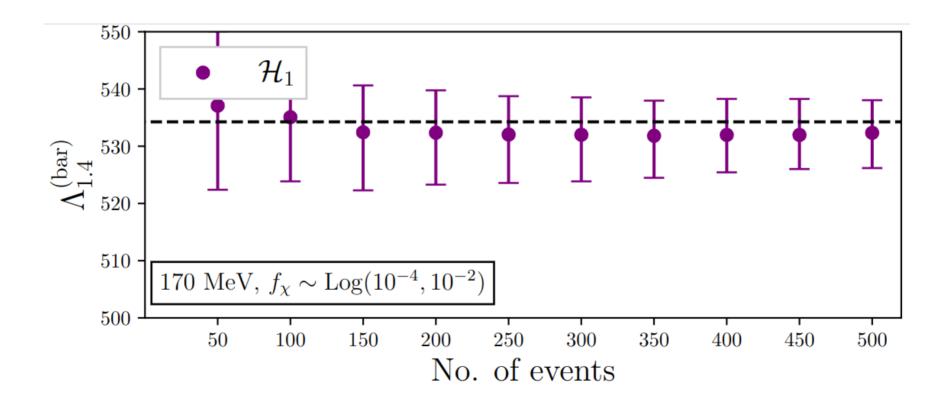
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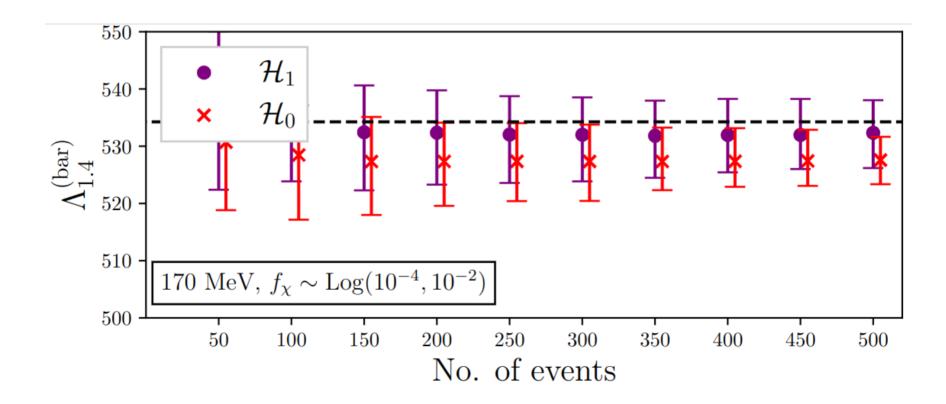
Get a posterior on baryonic EOS from mock ET data



H₁: There is DM in the observed BNS population. $\mathcal{L}(\text{EOS}, m_{\chi}, f_{\chi} | d_{\text{GW}}) = \int d\mathcal{M} \ d\eta \ P(\tilde{\Lambda}^{(\text{DM})}(\mathcal{M}, \eta), \mathcal{M}, \eta | d_{\text{GW}})$

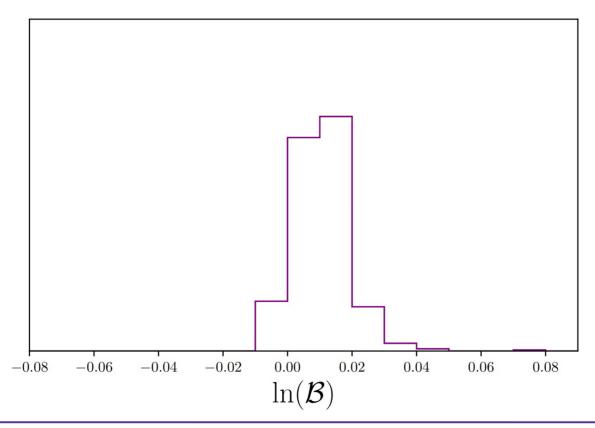
H₀: There is no DM in the observed BNS population. $\mathcal{L}(\text{EOS}|d_{\text{GW}}) = \int d\mathcal{M} \ d\eta \ P(\tilde{\Lambda}^{(\text{bar})}(\mathcal{M},\eta), \mathcal{M}, \eta | d_{\text{GW}})$

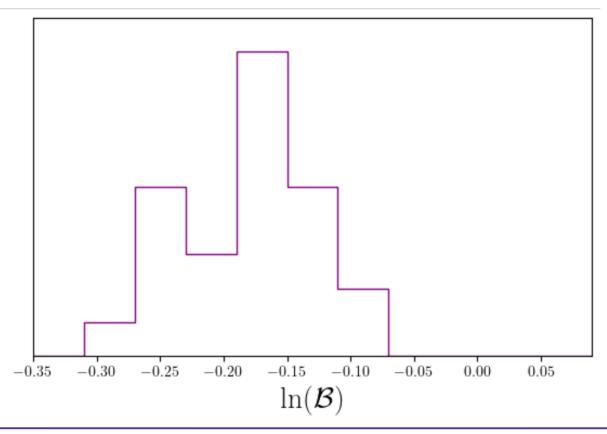


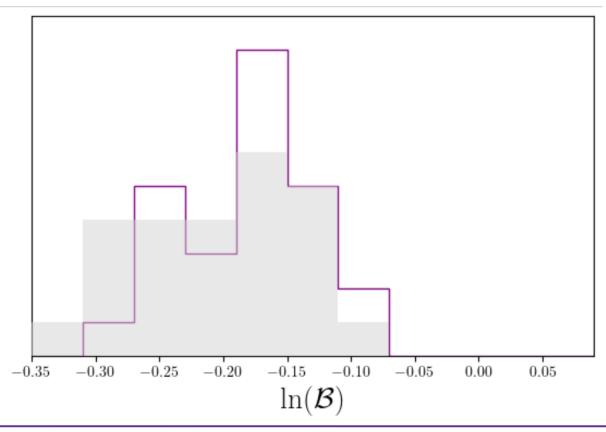


ii. Can we distinguish between populations of NSs with and without DM using tidal deformability measurements from the Einstein Telescope and Cosmic Explorer?

 \blacktriangleright Determine the Bayes factor for H₁ vs. H₀







Even when combining 500 events:

$$\ln(\mathcal{B}) = -4.23$$
$$\ln(\mathcal{B}) = -4.09$$

Take aways

- Many different <u>data points with varying reliability</u> out there
- Neutron star radii currently can be determined up to $\sim 12^{+0.5}_{-0.5} \, \mathrm{km}$ [1,2,3,4]
- DM could slightly bias the EOS in future detections, but is (within our assumptions) not detectable

[1] Capano et al. (2020) [2] Raaiimakers et al. (2021)

- [3] Jiang et al. (2023)
- [4] Biswas (2021)

Thanks for listening!

Koehn et al. (2024) arXiv:2402.04172



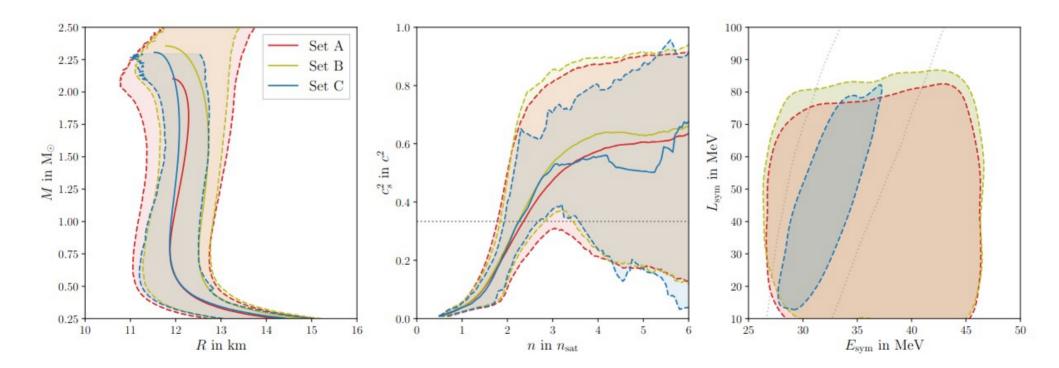
Create your own constraint set!



Koehn et al. (2024) arXiv:2408.14711



Backup slides



Backup slides

$$\frac{M_{\rm ej,dyn}}{10^{-3} \rm M_{\odot}} = M_1 \left[\frac{a}{C_1} + b \left(\frac{M_2}{M_1} \right)^n + c C_1 \right] + (1 \leftrightarrow 2) + \alpha ,$$

$$\log_{10}\left(\frac{M_{\text{disk}}}{M_{\odot}}\right) = a \left[1 + b \tanh\left(\frac{c - (M_1 + M_2)/M_{\text{threshold}}}{d}\right)\right]$$

Backup slides

